

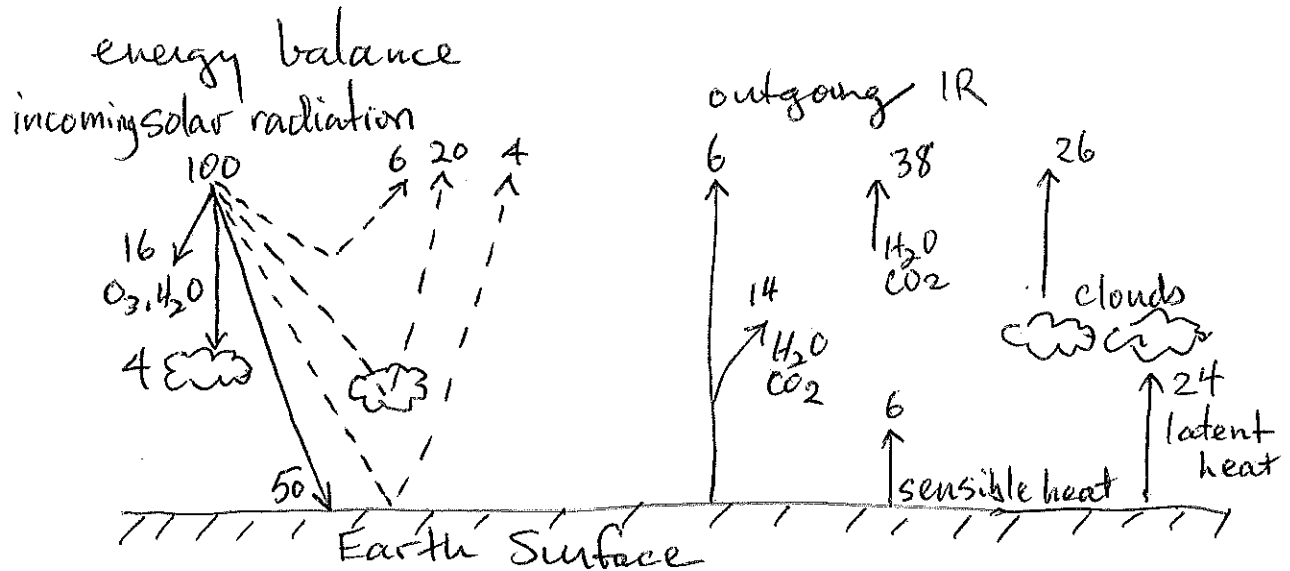
11 Sep 2017 - LEE

INTRODUCTION TO CARBON CYCLING

CO₂ greenhouse gas - necessary to keep planet warm



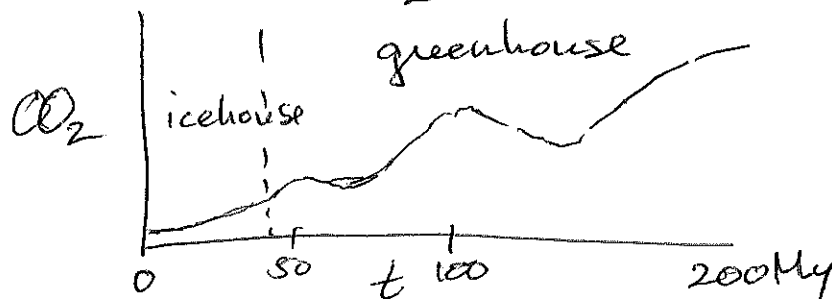
vibrational modes sensitive to infrared



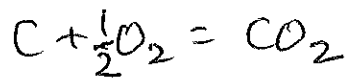
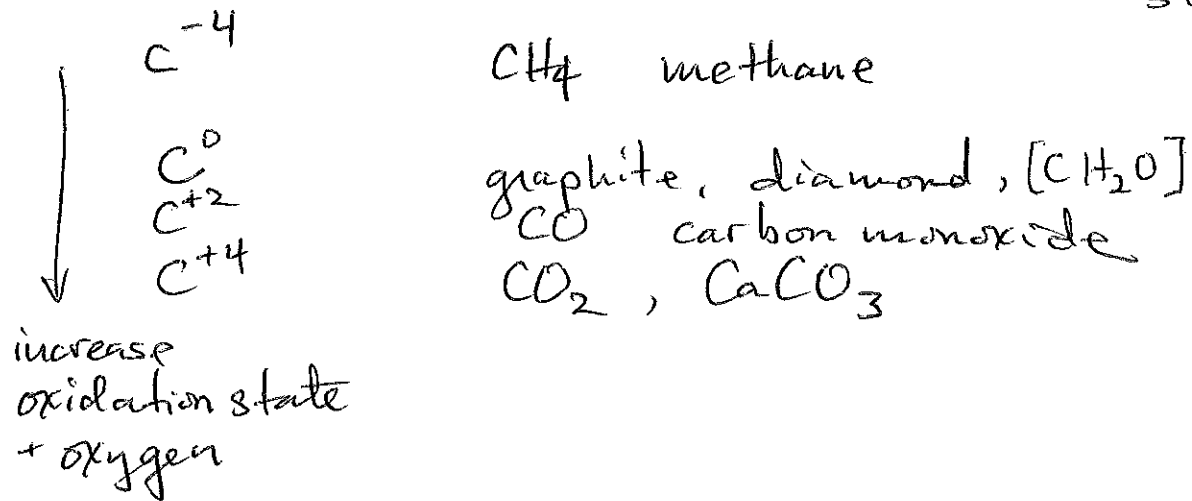
without CO₂, Earth's surface T would be ~25°C

incoming solar radiation ~ 300 W/m²
compare to geothermal heat flow 80 mW/m²

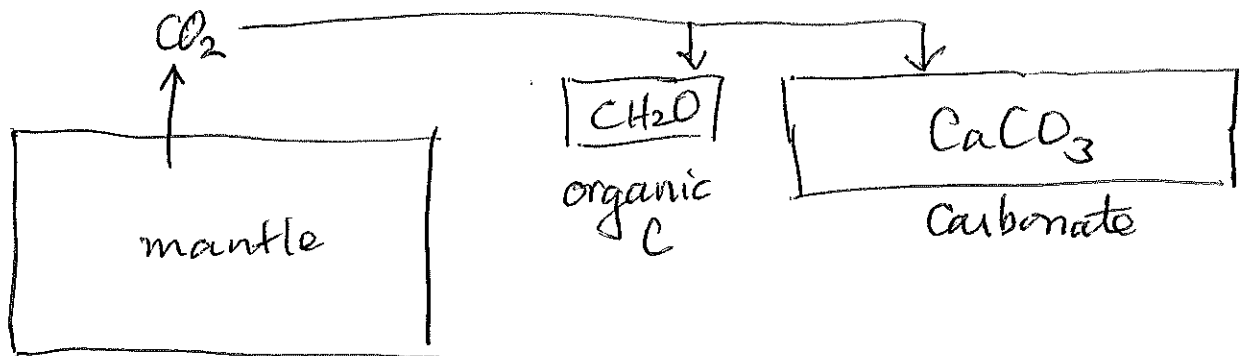
WHAT CONTROLS CO₂ THROUGH TIME?



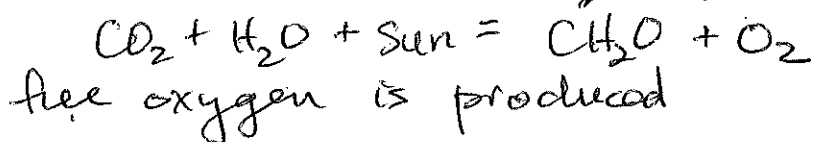
CARBON COMES IN DIFFERENT FORMS (OXIDATION STATES)



Today's Earth

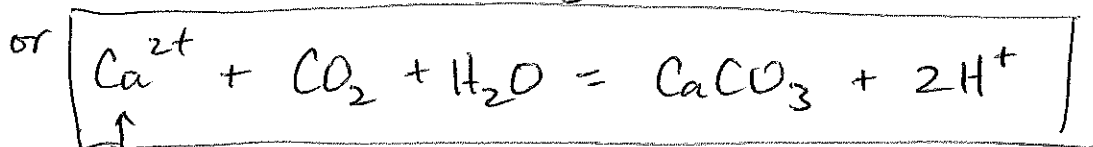
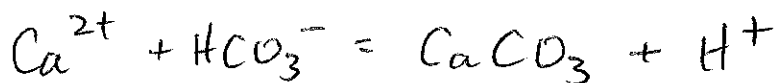
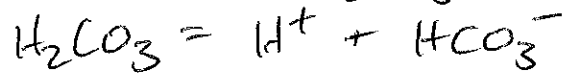


Photosynthesis



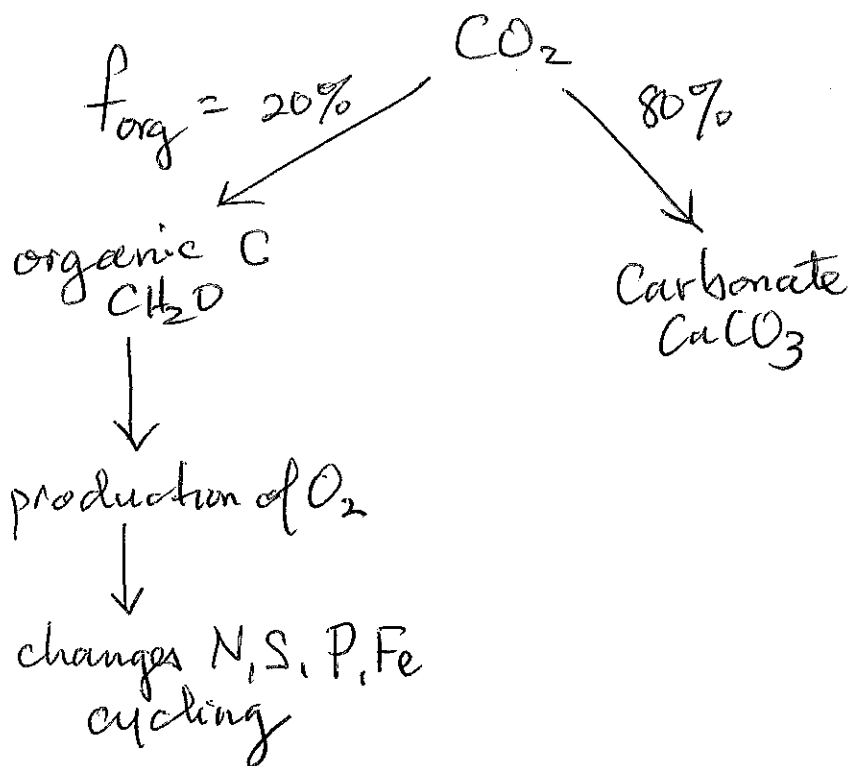
Carbonate precipitation →

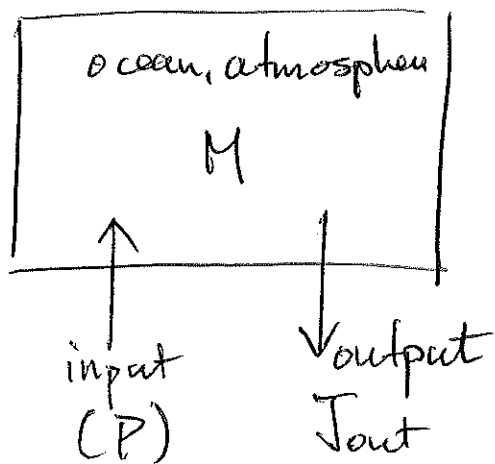
Carbonate Precipitation



↑
if Ca^{2+} exists

← dissolution
→ precipitation





$$\frac{dM}{dt} = P - J_{out}$$

J_{out} should be proportional to mass of C in ocean/atmosphere M

$$J_{out} \sim M$$

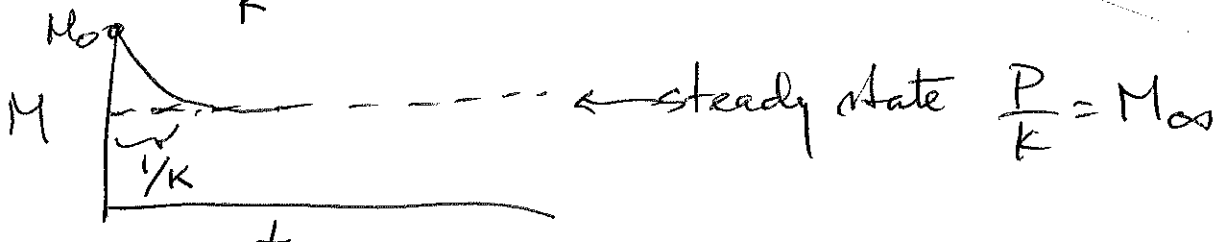
$$J_{out} = kM$$

↑
rate constant $1/\tau$

if P is constant

$$\frac{dM}{dt} = P - kM$$

$$M = \frac{P}{k} (1 - e^{-kt}) + M_0 e^{-kt}$$



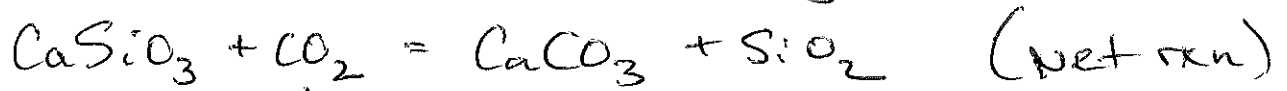
$1/k =$ residence time
 $=$ response time
 Response time
 $\tau = \frac{M}{J_{out}} = \frac{M}{J_{in}}$
 at steady state

$$\frac{dM}{dt} = P - kM$$

- negative feedback

k is a measure of efficiency of C burial
negative feedback which buffers system.

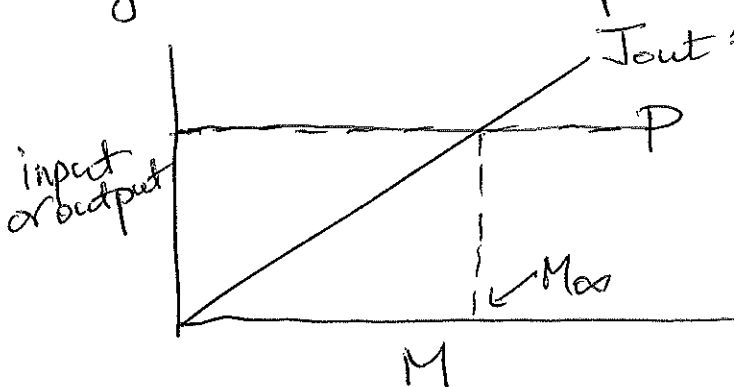
k is often called the weathering feedback



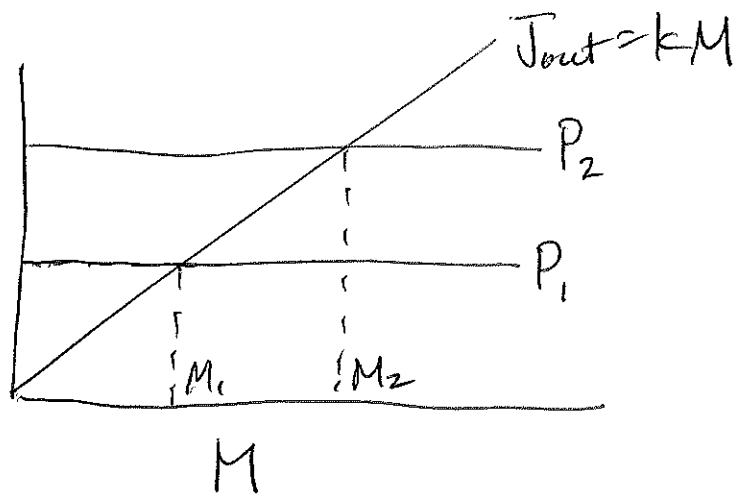
↑
CO₂ in form of acid rain
dissolves calcisilicates

P is production of volcanic gases or any other origin

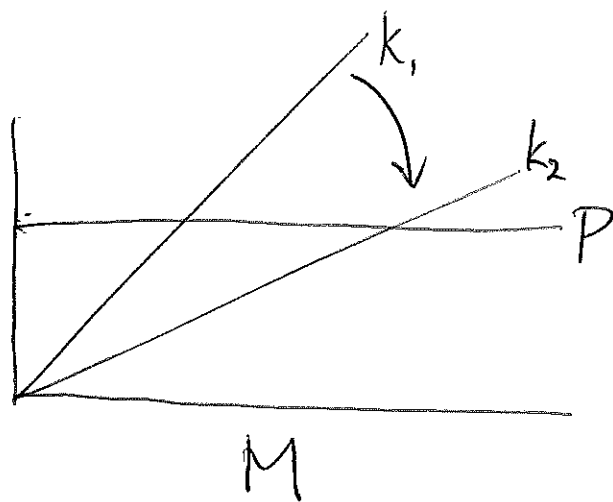
Negative feedback prevents runaway



- in a linear system
increase M by increasing
P or by changing k



increase P to
increase M



P constant
- change efficiency of k
if k_1 decreases to k_2
 M_1 increases to M_2

P controlled by degassing from mantle

k - silicate weathering \rightarrow carbonate precipitation

- more orography erosion $\uparrow k$

- higher T $\uparrow k$

- more basalt $\uparrow k$

- cool $\downarrow k$

- more rain $\uparrow k$

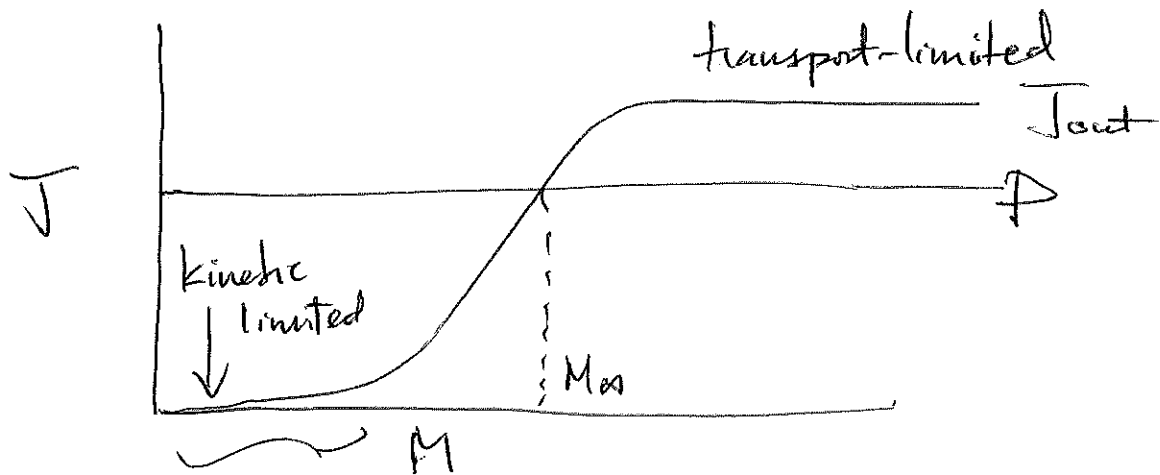
Runaway

J_{out} is not linear

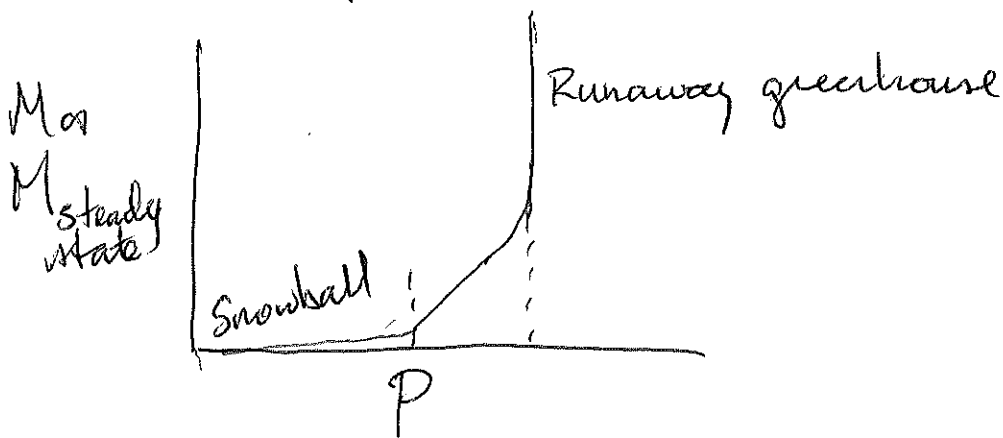
- transport limited
- threshold limited

For example, if erosion rates are too fast compared to chemical dissolution rates, weathering feedback decreases

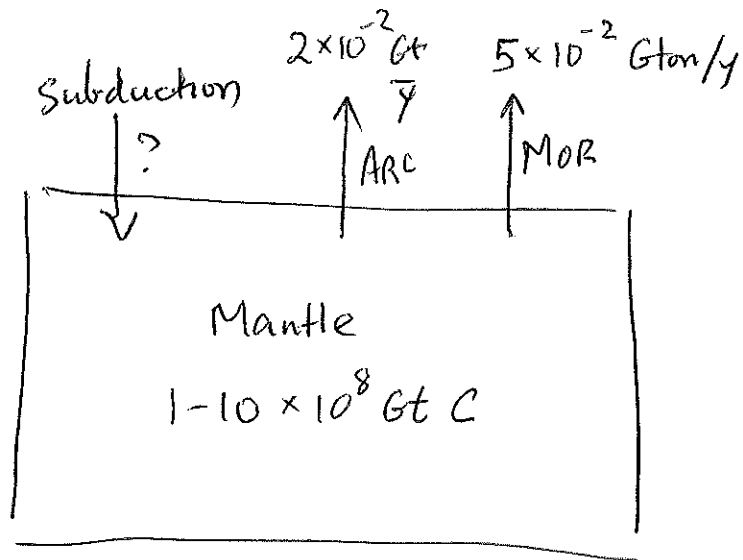
if weathering stops because kinetics freeze up, ...
e.g. if T is too low, or water too low then k decreases



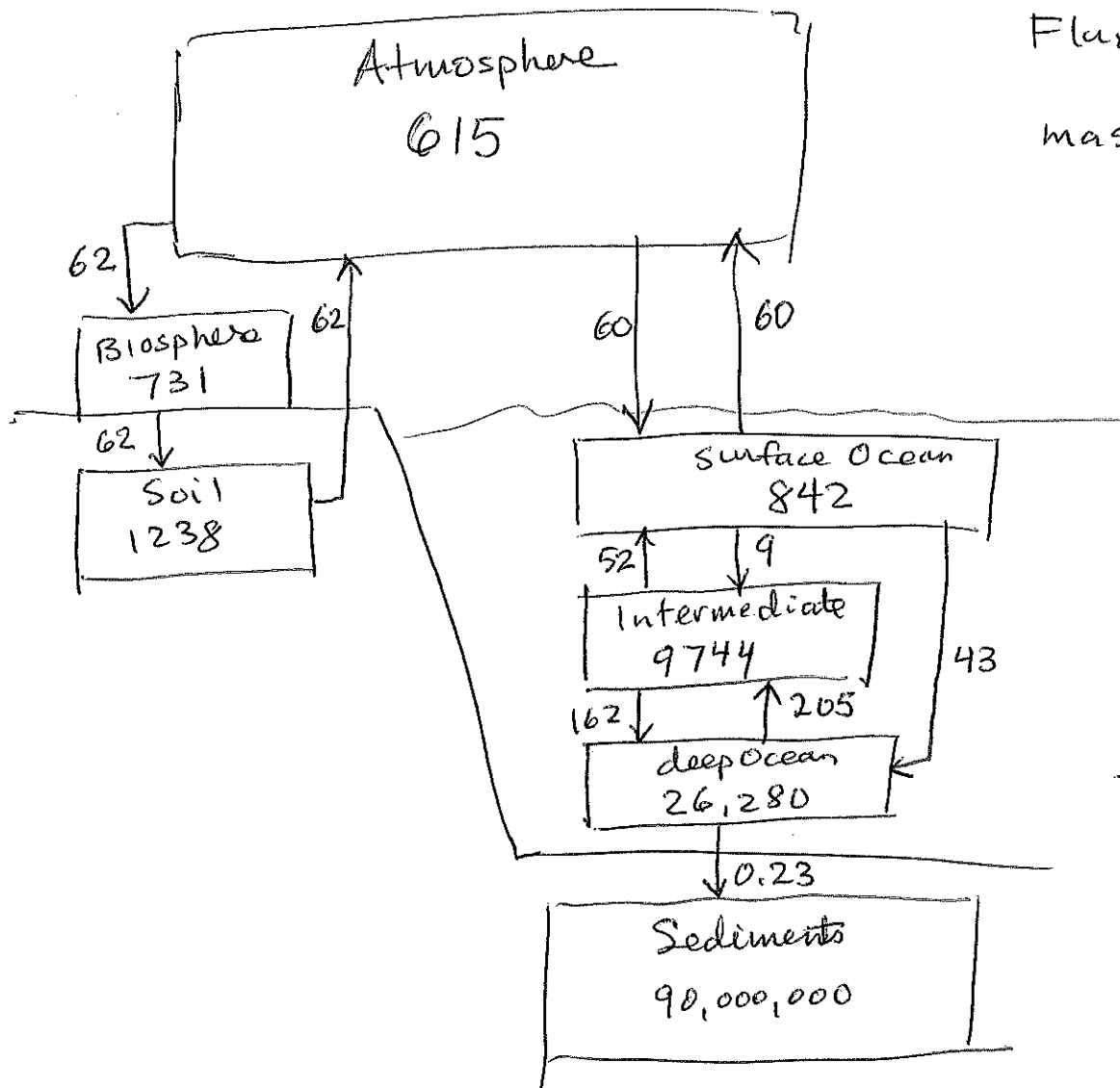
perhaps $CO_2 \downarrow$, then $T \downarrow$ and precipitation \downarrow



Deep Earth



τ in mantle \sim 4 Gy or more

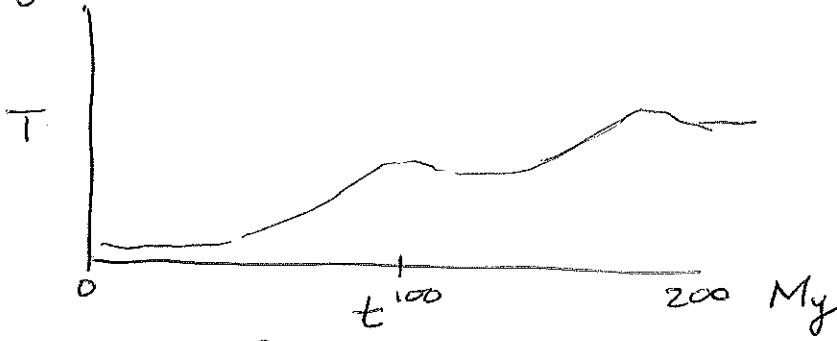


Fluxes $\frac{GtC}{y}$
 mass GtC

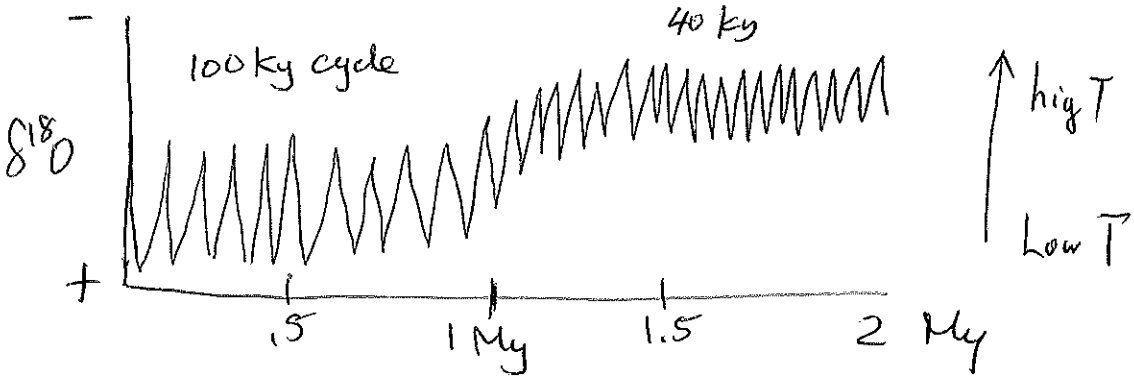
* modern anthropogenic emissions 10 GtC/yr

- τ for ocean, atmosphere biosphere = 170,000 y
- τ for soils = 20 y
- τ for total ocean = 614 y
- τ surface ocean \sim 10 years
- τ surface + intermediate
- τ biosphere 10 years

My timescales



100 ky timescales



Human timescales

